1	HOUSE BILL NO. 176			
2	INTRODUCED BY S. MANESS, L. SCHUBERT, E. ALBUS, T. SHARP, R. GREGG, C. COCHRAN, E.			
3	TILLEMAN, C. HINKLE, N. DURAM, P. FIELDER, B. MITCHELL, G. PARRY, K. SEEKINS-CROWE, J.			
4	HINKLE			
5				
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING WOLF HUNTING LAWS; REQUIRING ALLOWING			
7	REQUIRING AN UNLIMITED GRAY WOLF HUNTING QUOTA WHEN THE WOLF POPULATION IS 450-550			
8	WOLVES OR HIGHER; PROVIDING AN EXCEPTION FOR THE AREA NEAR YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL			
9	PARK; REQUIRING-PROVIDING REQUIRING THAT THE FISH AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION TO MAY			
10	AUTHORIZE CERTAIN HUNTING AND TRAPPING PRACTICES WHEN THE POPULATION IS ABOVE 550			
11	WOLVES; PROVIDING THAT THE FISH AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION EMPLOY CERTAIN DURING THE			
12	UNLIMITED QUOTA THE ISSUANCE OF MULTIPLE WOLF LICENSES TO APPLICANTS, THE HARVEST			
13	OF AN UNLIMITED NUMBER OF WOLVES BY A SINGLE INDIVIDUAL, THE USE OF BAIT FOR WOLF			
14	HUNTING OR TRAPPING, AND THE HUNTING OF WOLVES ON PRIVATE LAND OUTSIDE OF DAYLIGHT			
15	HOURS WITH THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL LIGHT OR NIGHT VISION SCOPES;HUNTING AND TRAPPING			
16	PRACTICES WHEN THE POPULATION IS BETWEEN 450 AND 550 WOLVES; REQUIRING DATA			
17	CONSISTENCY IN DETERMINING WOLF POPULATIONS USING INTEGRATED PATCH OCCUPANCY			
18	MODELS; AND AMENDING SECTION 87-1-901, MCA."			
19				
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:			
21				
22	Section 1. Section 87-1-901, MCA, is amended to read:			
23	"87-1-901. Gray wolf management rulemaking reporting. (1) Except as provided in subsection			
24	(3), the commission shall establish by rule hunting and trapping seasons for wolves with the intent to reduce the			
25	wolf population in this the state to a sustainable level, but not less than the number of wolves necessary to			
26	support at least 15 breeding pairs 450 wolves, which is the sustainable number of wolves that allows the state			
27	to retain a delisted status for wolves. Trapping seasons must allow for the use of snares by the holder of a			
28	trapping license.			

1	(2) (A) For game management purposes, the commission may apply different management			
2	techniques depending on the conditions in each administrative region with the most liberal harvest regulations			
3	applied in regions with the greatest number of wolves shall MAY-SHALL institute an unlimited statewide quota			
4	when the total population in the state equals or exceeds 450-550 wolves, EXCEPT IN AN AREA IMMEDIATELY			
5	ADJACENT TO YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2)(C). In doing so, the commission may			
6	shall MAY SHALL authorize:			
7	(a)(1) the issuance of more than one Class E-1 or Class E-2 wolf hunting license to an applicant;			
8	(b)(III) (I) the trapping or snaring of more than one wolf by the holder of a trapping license;			
9	(c)(III) (II) the harvest of an unlimited number of wolves by the holder of a single wolf hunting or			
10	wolf trapping license;			
11	(d)(H) (III) during the wolf trapping season, the use of bait while hunting or trapping wolves as			
12	long as no trap or snare trap is set within 30 feet of exposed bait visible from above; and			
13	$(e)(\vee)$ ( $(\vee)$ ) the hunting of wolves on private lands outside of daylight hours with the use of artificial			
14	light or night vision scopes.			
15	(B) WHEN THE TOTAL POPULATION EXCEEDS 450 BUT IS LESS THAN 550, THE COMMISSION SHALL MAY			
16	APPLY DIFFERENT MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS IN EACH ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT. THE			
17	MOST LIBERAL HARVEST REGULATIONS MUST BE APPLIED IN DISTRICTS WITH THE GREATEST NUMBER OF WOLVES. IN			
18	DOING SO, THE COMMISSION SHALL MAY AUTHORIZE:			
19	(I) THE ISSUANCE OF MORE THAN ONE CLASS E-1 OR CLASS E-2 WOLF HUNTING LICENSE TO AN			
20	APPLICANT;			
21	(II) THE TRAPPING OR SNARING OF MORE THAN ONE WOLF BY THE HOLDER OF A TRAPPING LICENSE;			
22	(III) THE HARVEST OF AN UNLIMITED NUMBER OF WOLVES BY THE HOLDER OF A SINGLE WOLF HUNTING OR			
23	WOLF TRAPPING LICENSE;			
24	(IV) DURING THE WOLF TRAPPING SEASON, THE USE OF BAIT WHILE HUNTING OR TRAPPING WOLVES AS			
25	LONG AS NO TRAP OR SNARE TRAP IS SET WITHIN 30 FEET OF EXPOSED BAIT VISIBLE FROM ABOVE; AND			
26	(V) THE HUNTING OF WOLVES ON PRIVATE LANDS OUTSIDE OF DAYLIGHT HOURS WITH THE USE OF			
27	ARTIFICIAL LIGHT OR NIGHT VISION SCOPES.			
28	(C) THE UNLIMITED STATEWIDE QUOTA PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (2)(A) DOES NOT APPLY TO THE			

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1	GEOGRAPHIC A	REA ESTABLISHED AS WOLF MANAGEMENT UNITS 313 AND 316 IN THE 2024 VERSION OF THE WOLF AND	
2	FURBEARER TRAPPING AND HUNTING REGULATIONS PUBLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT. UNITS 313 AND 316 MUST BE		
3	MANAGED PURSUANT TO 87-1-304(7) AND (8).		
4	(3)	The commission shall adopt rules to allow a landowner or the landowner's agent to take a wolf	
5	on the landow	ner's property at any time without the purchase of a Class E-1 or Class E-2 wolf license when the	
6	wolf is a poten	tial threat to human safety, livestock, or dogs. The rules must:	
7	(a)	be consistent with the Montana gray wolf conservation and management plan and the adaptive	
8	management p	principles of the commission and the department for the Montana gray wolf population;	
9	(b)	require a landowner or the landowner's agent who takes a wolf pursuant to this subsection (3)	
10	to promptly report the taking to the department and to preserve the carcass of the wolf;		
11	(C)	establish a quota each year for the total number of wolves that may be taken pursuant to this	
12	subsection (3); and		
13	(d)	allow the commission to issue a moratorium on the taking of wolves pursuant to this subsection	
14	(3) before a quota is reached if the commission determines that circumstances require a limitation of the total		
15	number of wolves taken.		
16	(4)	Public land permittees who have experienced livestock depredation must obtain a special kill	
17	permit authorized in 87-5-131(3)(b) to take a wolf on public land without the purchase of a Class E-1 or Class		
18	E-2 license.		
19	<u>(5)</u>	When determining wolf populations using integrated patch occupancy model estimates, the	
20	department sh	all use the same modeling criteria for estimates made for subsequent years to ensure the data	
21	results are able	e to be interpreted consistently. The DEPARTMENT MAY USE NEW MODELING TECHNIQUES IN	
22	CONJUNCTION WITH THE INTEGRATED PATCH OCCUPANCY MODEL TO ESTIMATE THE WOLF POPULATION MORE		
23	ACCURATELY.		
24	<del>(5)</del> (6)	The department shall report annually to the environmental quality council in accordance with 5-	
25	11-210 regard	ng the implementation of 87-5-131, 87-5-132, and this section."	

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