



A JOINT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MONTANA REQUESTING AN INTERIM STUDY ON COORDINATING EFFORTS BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AND THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION TO ADDRESS THE IMPACTS OF PRENATAL EXPOSURE TO METHAMPHETAMINE AND FENTANYL ON CHILDREN; AND REQUIRING THAT THE FINAL RESULTS OF THE STUDY BE REPORTED TO THE 70TH LEGISLATURE.

WHEREAS, an increasing number of babies born in Montana have been exposed to methamphetamine and fentanyl in utero; and

WHEREAS, the long-term impacts of prenatal exposure to methamphetamine and fentanyl include an increased risk of developmental delays, cognitive impairments, and learning disabilities; and

WHEREAS, this increased risk can be further exacerbated in areas of concentrated poverty that are affected by generational trauma;

WHEREAS, the State-Tribal Relations Committee is the statutory committee charged with encouraging state-tribal cooperation and local government-tribal cooperation and with conducting interim studies as assigned;

WHEREAS, a coordinated effort between the Department of Public Health and Human Services and the Office of Public Instruction to address these long-term impacts holds the most promise in addressing the health and learning needs of children who had prenatal exposure to methamphetamine and fentanyl.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

That the Legislative Council be requested to designate an appropriate interim committee or statutory

committee, pursuant to section 5-5-217, MCA, to examine how the Department of Public Health and Human Services and the Office of Public Instruction can best coordinate their efforts to address the health and learning needs of children who had prenatal exposure to methamphetamine and fentanyl.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the committee:

- (1) collaborate in this study with:
  - (a) the Department of Public Health and Human Services;
  - (b) the Office of Public Instruction;
  - (c) tribal governments;
  - (d) county and tribal health departments; and
  - (e) early childhood care providers and education providers.
- (2) gather, compile, and review statistics on the number of children who had prenatal exposure to methamphetamine and fentanyl;
- (3) investigate ways other states have addressed the health and learning needs of children who had prenatal exposure to methamphetamine and fentanyl; and
- (4) develop proposals in collaboration with the Department of Public Health and Human Services and the Office of Public Instruction for a coordinated response to effectively address the health and learning needs of children who had prenatal exposure to methamphetamine and fentanyl.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that all aspects of the study, including presentation and review requirements, be concluded prior to September 15, 2026.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the final results of the study, including any findings, conclusions, comments, or recommendations of the appropriate committee, be reported to the 70th Legislature.

- END -

I hereby certify that the within bill,  
SJ 29, originated in the Senate.

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Secretary of the Senate

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President of the Senate

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day  
of \_\_\_\_\_, 2025.

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Speaker of the House

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day  
of \_\_\_\_\_, 2025.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 29

INTRODUCED BY J. WINDY BOY, S. WEBBER, D. HAYMAN, A. OLSEN, M. YAKAWICH, C. NEUMANN, C.  
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