

Fiscal Note 2027 Biennium

Bill#/Title:	SB0192.01: Pro	vide for digital adver	tising tax		
Primary Sponsor:	Jeremy Trebas		Status:	As Introduced	
☐ Included in the Executive Budget		☑ Needs to be included in HB 2		☐ Significant Local Gov Impact	
☐ Significant Long-Term Impacts		☑ Technical Concerns		☐ Dedicated Revenue Form Attached	
		FISCAL SU	MMARY		
		FY 2026 Difference	FY 2027 Difference	FY 2028 Difference	FY 2029 Difference
Expenditures		N .			
General Fund (0	1)	\$670,209	\$200,076	\$202,644	\$205,257
Revenues					054044000
General Fund (0	1)	\$9,476,000	\$48,081,000	\$51,564,000	\$54,911,000
Net Impact		\$8,805,791	\$47,880,924	\$51,361,356	\$54,705,743
General Fund E	salance	N			

Description of fiscal impact

SB 192 creates a 10% tax on digital advertising revenue in Montana. This bill is estimated to increase general fund revenue by \$9,476,000 in FY 2026, \$48,081,000 in FY 2027, \$51,564,000 in FY 2028, and \$54,911,000 in FY 2029. Total estimated costs to the department to implement and administer this bill are \$670,209 in FY 2026, \$200,076 in FY 2027, \$202,644 in FY 2028, and \$205,257 in FY 2029.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

Assumptions

Department of Revenue

- 1. SB 192 creates a tax on digital advertising revenue in Montana. The tax would be 10% of all digital advertising revenue attributed to Montana for each taxpayer with annual global digital advertising revenue of at least \$25 million.
- 2. It is unknown how much digital advertising revenue is generated in Montana each year, so to estimate the amount, US digital advertising revenue was multiplied by Montana's share of total US gross domestic product (GDP) in the professional and technical services North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) industry, which includes marketing and advertising.
- 3. US digital advertising revenue is estimated to be approximately \$351 billion in calendar year 2026, increasing to \$426 billion in CY 2029. Montana's share of US GDP in the marketing and advertising industry is approximately 0.15%.
- 4. It is assumed that at least 90% of digital advertising revenue is generated by taxpayers with at least \$25 million in global digital advertising revenue so the digital advertising revenue apportioned to Montana is multiplied by 90% to get the estimated taxable digital advertising revenue under this bill. These calculations and estimated tax revenue by calendar year are shown in the table below.

Calendar Year	US Digital Ad	MT Share of US	MT Digital Ad	Taxable Digital	Digital Ad Tax
	Revenue	Ad GDP	Revenue	Ad Revenue	Revenue
	(millions)		(millions)	(millions)	(millions)
2026	\$351,000	0.150%	\$526.434	\$473.791	\$47.379
2027	\$377,000	0.150%	\$565.429	\$508.886	\$50.889
2028	\$402,000	0.150%	\$602.925	\$542.632	\$54.263
2029	\$426,000	0.150%	\$638.920	\$575.028	\$57.503

- 5. This bill is effective January 1, 2026 and requires taxpayers to file their returns by April 15th of the following year. Taxpayers with expected digital advertising revenue of more than \$1 million are required to make quarterly estimated payments.
- 6. Based on these requirements and the timing relative to fiscal years, it is assumed that 20% of the CY 2026 tax revenue would be collected in FY 2026 and the remaining 80% collected in FY 2027. This distribution would apply to future years as well. Tax revenue from this bill would be deposited in the general fund.
- 7. This bill is estimated to increase general fund revenue by \$9,476,000 in FY 2026, \$48,081,000 in FY 2027, \$51,564,000 in FY 2028, and \$54,911,000 in FY 2029.
- 8. To implement and administer this bill, the Department of Revenue would need to hire two additional tax examiners and would incur a one-time cost of \$475,000 in contracted services to create a new tax type within the department's integrated revenue information system. Total estimated costs to the department are \$670,209 in FY 2026, \$200,076 in FY 2027, \$202,644 in FY 2028, and \$205,257 in FY 2029.

Fiscal Analysis Table

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Department of Revenue								
	FY 2026 Difference	FY 2027 Difference	FY 2028 <u>Difference</u>	FY 2029 Difference				
Fiscal Impact								
FTE	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00				
TOTAL Fiscal Impact	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00				
Expenditures								
Personal Services	\$170,987	\$173,170	\$175,386	\$177,637				
Operating Expenses	\$499,222	\$26,906	\$27,258	\$27,620				
TOTAL Expenditures	\$670,209	\$200,076	\$202,644	\$205,257				
Funding of Expenditures								
General Fund (01)	\$670,209	\$200,076	\$202,644	\$205,257				
TOTAL Funding of	\$670,209	\$200,076	\$202,644	\$205,257				
Expenditures	= + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +							
Revenues								
General Fund (01)	\$9,476,000	\$48,081,000	\$51,564,000	\$54,911,000				
TOTAL Revenues	\$9,476,000	\$48,081,000	\$51,564,000	\$54,911,000				
Net Impact to Fund Balance (Reve	nue minus Funding	g of Expenditures)	1					
General Fund (01)	\$8,805,791	\$47,880,924	\$51,361,356	\$54,705,743				

(continued)

Sponsor's Initials

02/12/2025

Date

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Budget Director's Initials

2/12/2025

Date